



RAXIL STAR

Version 4 / IRL
102000021528

1/15

Revision Date: 21.03.2023
Print Date: 21.03.2023

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name RAXIL STAR
UFI AGA0-W0YG-000D-HJ58
Product code (UVP) 79463537

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use Seed treatment, Fungicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Bayer CropScience Ltd
Bayer Ltd
1st Floor, The Grange Offices
The Grange, Brewery Road
Stillorgan
A94 H2K7 Co. Dublin
Ireland

Telephone +353 1 216 3300

Responsible Department Email: gb-bcs-crop-regulatory-affairs@bayer.com

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

Emergency telephone no. 00800 1020 3333 (24 hr) (not available on non-contract mobile phones)

For Medical Professionals: You can also contact Dublin NPIS.

For Members of the Public: You can also contact 01 809 2166 (for Republic of Ireland).

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Reproductive toxicity: Category 2
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Acute aquatic toxicity: Category 1
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Category 1
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements



RAXIL STAR

Version 4 / IRL
102000021528

2/15

Revision Date: 21.03.2023
Print Date: 21.03.2023

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- Fluopyram
- Prothioconazole
- Tebuconazole



Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements

H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH401	To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.
EUH208	Contains 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one, reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1), 2-[2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-2-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione. May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements

P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P391	Collect spillage.
P410	Protect from sunlight.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to returnable container supplier.

2.3 Other hazards

No additional hazards known beside those mentioned.

Fluopyram: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Tebuconazole: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Prothioconazole: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Ecological information:

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information:

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

**RAXIL STAR**Version 4 / IRL
102000021528

3/15

Revision Date: 21.03.2023
Print Date: 21.03.2023**SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS****3.2 Mixtures****Chemical nature**Flowable concentrate for seed treatment (FS)
Fluopyram/Prothioconazole/Tebuconazole 20:100:60 g/l**Hazardous components**

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Name	CAS-No. / EC-No. / REACH Reg. No.	Classification	Conc. [%]
		REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	
Fluopyram	658066-35-4 619-797-7	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	1.72
Prothioconazole	178928-70-6	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	8.62
Tebuconazole	107534-96-3 403-640-2	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Repr. 2, H361d Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	5.17
Polyarylphenylether sulfate, ammonium salt	119432-41-6	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	>= 1.00 – < 25.00
3-Hydroxy-2'-methyl-2- naphthanilide	135-61-5 205-205-0 01-2119473801-38-XXXX	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	>= 0.1 – < 1.0
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	2634-33-5 220-120-9 01-2120761540-60-xxxx	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	>= 0.005 – < 0.05
reaction mass of 5-chloro- 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one and 2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	>= 0.00015 – < 0.0015
Glycerine	56-81-5 200-289-5 01-2119471987-18-XXXX	Not classified	> 1.00

Further information

Prothioconazole	178928-70-6	M-Factor: 10 (acute), 1 (chronic)
Tebuconazole	107534-96-3	M-Factor: 1 (acute), 10 (chronic)
1,2-Benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	M-Factor: 1 (acute)
1,2-Benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	SCL: Skin Sens. 1; H317: SCL >= 0.05 %

**RAXIL STAR**Version 4 / IRL
102000021528

4/15

Revision Date: 21.03.2023
Print Date: 21.03.2023

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	M-Factor: 100 (acute), 100 (chronic)
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	SCL: Skin Corr. 1C; H314: SCL >= 0.6 %
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	SCL: Skin Irrit. 2; H315: SCL 0.06 - < 0.6 %
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	SCL: Eye Irrit. 2; H319: SCL 0.06 - < 0.6 %
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	SCL: Skin Sens. 1A; H317: SCL >= 0.0015 %
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	SCL: Eye Dam. 1; H318: SCL >= 0.6 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Particle characteristics

This substance/ mixture does not contain nanoforms

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

General advice	Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Skin contact	Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.



RAXIL STAR

Version 4 / IRL
102000021528

5/15

Revision Date: 21.03.2023
Print Date: 21.03.2023

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms No symptoms known or expected.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment Treat symptomatically. Gastric lavage is not normally required. However, if a significant amount (more than a mouthful) has been ingested, administer activated charcoal and sodium sulphate. There is no specific antidote.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Water spray, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Foam, Sand

Unsuitable High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture In the event of fire the following may be released: Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Hydrogen fluoride, Hydrogen chloride (HCl), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Nitrogen oxides (NO_x), Sulphur oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

Further information Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Precautions Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use personal protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

**RAXIL STAR**Version 4 / IRL
102000021528

6/15

Revision Date: 21.03.2023
Print Date: 21.03.2023**6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Methods for cleaning up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Collect and transfer the product into a properly labelled and tightly closed container.

Additional advice Check also for any local site procedures.

6.4 Reference to other sections Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.
Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.
Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Advice on safe handling Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation.

Hygiene measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes separately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be destroyed (burnt).

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from direct sunlight.

Advice on common storage Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Suitable materials HDPE (high density polyethylene)
HDPE - steel case
HDPE (high density polyethylene) -fluorinated
Coex HDPE/EVOH
Coex HDPE/PA

7.3 Specific end use(s) Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**8.1 Control parameters**

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Fluopyram	658066-35-4	0.34 mg/m ³ (TWA)		OES BCS*
Prothioconazole	178928-70-6	1.4 mg/m ³ (SK-ABS)		OES BCS*
Tebuconazole	107534-96-3	0.2 mg/m ³ (SK-ABS)		OES BCS*
Glycerine	56-81-5	4 mg/m ³ (TWA)	01 2020	ELV (IE)

**RAXIL STAR**Version 4 / IRL
102000021528

7/15

Revision Date: 21.03.2023
Print Date: 21.03.2023

(Respirable dust.)				
Glycerine	56-81-5	10 mg/m ³ (TWA)	01 2020	ELV (IE)
(Total inhalable dust.)				
Tebuconazole	107534-96-3	0.2 mg/m ³ (SK-ABS)		OES BCS*

*OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

8.2 Exposure controls**Personal protective equipment**

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection is not required under anticipated circumstances of exposure.
Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

Hand protection

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.
Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet.
Material Nitrile rubber
Rate of permeability > 480 min
Glove thickness > 0.4 mm
Protective index Class 6
Directive Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

Eye protection

Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

Skin and body protection

Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 6 suit.
Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and should be professionally laundered frequently.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Form	suspension
Colour	red
Odour	weak, characteristic
Odour Threshold	No data available

**RAXIL STAR**Version 4 / IRL
102000021528

8/15

Revision Date: 21.03.2023
Print Date: 21.03.2023

Melting point/range	No data available
Boiling Point	No data available
Flammability	No data available
Upper explosion limit	No data available
Lower explosion limit	No data available
Flash point	Not relevant; aqueous solution
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
Ignition temperature	475 °C
Self-accelarating decomposition temperature (SADT)	No data available
pH	4.0 - 7.0 (100 %) (23 °C)
Viscosity, dynamic	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available
Water solubility	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Fluopyram: log Pow: 3.3 Tebuconazole: log Pow: 3.7 Prothioconazole: log Pow: 3.82 (20 °C) (pH 7)
Vapour pressure	No data available
Density	ca. 1.16 g/cm ³ (20 °C)
Relative density	No data available
Relative vapour density	No data available
Assessment nano particles	This substance/ mixture does not contain nanoforms
Particle size	No data available
9.2 Other information	
Impact sensitivity	Not impact sensitive.
Explosivity	Not explosive 92/69/EEC, A.14 / OECD 113
Oxidizing properties	No oxidizing properties
Evaporation rate	No data available
Other physico-chemical properties	Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

**RAXIL STAR**Version 4 / IRL
102000021528

9/15

Revision Date: 21.03.2023
Print Date: 21.03.2023**SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1 Reactivity	Stable under normal conditions.
10.2 Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to prescribed instructions. Stable under recommended storage conditions.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
10.5 Incompatible materials	Store only in the original container.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

Acute oral toxicity	LD50 (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	LC50 (Rat) > 2.998 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Highest attainable concentration.
Acute dermal toxicity	LD50 (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	No skin irritation (Rabbit)
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	No eye irritation (Rabbit)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Non-sensitizing. (Mouse) OECD Test Guideline 429, local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure

Fluopyram: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Prothioconazole: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Tebuconazole: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure

Fluopyram did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Prothioconazole did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Tebuconazole did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Assessment mutagenicity

Fluopyram was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Prothioconazole was not mutagenic or genotoxic based on the overall weight of evidence in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Tebuconazole was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.



RAXIL STAR

Version 4 / IRL
102000021528

10/15

Revision Date: 21.03.2023
Print Date: 21.03.2023

Assessment carcinogenicity

Fluopyram caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in rats in the following organ(s): Liver.

Fluopyram caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in mice in the following organ(s): Thyroid.

The tumours seen with Fluopyram were caused through a non-genotoxic mechanism, which is not relevant at low doses. The mechanism that triggers these tumours is not relevant to humans.

Prothioconazole was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Tebuconazole caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in mice in the following organ(s): Liver. The mechanism of tumour formation is not considered to be relevant to man.

Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Fluopyram caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Fluopyram is related to parental toxicity.

Prothioconazole caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Prothioconazole is related to parental toxicity.

Tebuconazole caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Tebuconazole is related to parental toxicity.

Assessment developmental toxicity

Fluopyram caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Fluopyram are related to maternal toxicity.

Prothioconazole caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Prothioconazole are related to maternal toxicity.

Tebuconazole caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. Tebuconazole caused an increased incidence of post implantation losses, an increased incidence of non-specific malformations.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Further information

No further toxicological information is available.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Assessment

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 1.82 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient fluopyram.

**RAXIL STAR**Version 4 / IRL
102000021528

11/15

Revision Date: 21.03.2023
Print Date: 21.03.2023

Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 1.83 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient prothioconazole.
	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 4.4 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient tebuconazole.
	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) > 17 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient fluopyram. No acute toxicity was observed at its limit of water solubility.
	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 1.3 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient prothioconazole.
Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 2.79 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient tebuconazole.
	NOEC (Daphnia (water flea)): 0.01 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient tebuconazole.
Toxicity to aquatic plants	EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 8.9 mg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient fluopyram.
	EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 2.18 mg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient prothioconazole.
	EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 3.8 mg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient tebuconazole.
	EC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)) 0.237 mg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 7 d The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient tebuconazole.
	ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum) 0.03278 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient prothioconazole.
	EC10 (Skeletonema costatum) 0.01427 mg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient prothioconazole.

12.2 Persistence and degradability**Biodegradability**Fluopyram:
Not rapidly biodegradable
Tebuconazole:
Not rapidly biodegradable
Prothioconazole:
Not rapidly biodegradable



RAXIL STAR

Version 4 / IRL
102000021528

12/15

Revision Date: 21.03.2023
Print Date: 21.03.2023

Koc Fluopyram: Koc: 279
Tebuconazole: Koc: 769
Prothioconazole: Koc: 1765

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Fluopyram: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 18
Does not bioaccumulate.
Tebuconazole: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 35 - 59
Does not bioaccumulate.
Prothioconazole: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 19
Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil Fluopyram: Moderately mobile in soils
Tebuconazole: Slightly mobile in soils
Prothioconazole: Slightly mobile in soils

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment Fluopyram: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Tebuconazole: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Prothioconazole: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Assessment The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological information No other effects to be mentioned.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product It is best to use all of the product in accordance with label directions. If it is necessary to dispose of unused product, please follow container label instructions and applicable local guidelines.

Contaminated packaging Triple rinse containers.
Do not re-use empty containers.
Not completely emptied packagings should be disposed of as hazardous waste.

**RAXIL STAR**Version 4 / IRL
102000021528

13/15

Revision Date: 21.03.2023
Print Date: 21.03.2023**Waste key for the unused product** **02 01 08*** agrochemical waste containing hazardous substances**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION****ADR/RID/ADN**

14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (TEBUCONAZOLE, PROTHIOCONAZOLE SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packaging Group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES
Hazard no.	90
Tunnel Code	-

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

IMDG

14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (TEBUCONAZOLE, PROTHIOCONAZOLE SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packaging Group	III
14.5 Marine pollutant	YES

IATA

14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (TEBUCONAZOLE, PROTHIOCONAZOLE SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packaging Group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES

14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****Republic of Ireland Regulations**

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent

**RAXIL STAR**Version 4 / IRL
102000021528

14/15

Revision Date: 21.03.2023
Print Date: 21.03.2023

amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.

Supply and Use

European Communities (Prohibition of Certain Active Substances in Plant Protection Products) Regulations 1981 (SI No 320/1981)
European Communities (Authorization, Placing on the Market, Use and Control of Plant Protection Products) Regulations 2003 (SI No 83/2003)
European Communities (Classification, Packaging and Labelling of Plant Protection Products and Biocide Products) Regulations 2001 (SI No 624/2001)
2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations, 2001 (SI No 619/2001)

Waste Treatment

Landfill Directive
Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94)

Further information

WHO-classification: III (Slightly hazardous)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not required.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3**

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute toxicity estimate
CAS-Nr.	Chemical Abstracts Service number
Conc.	Concentration
EC-No.	European community number
ECx	Effective concentration to x %
EINECS	European inventory of existing commercial substances

**RAXIL STAR**Version 4 / IRL
102000021528

15/15

Revision Date: 21.03.2023
Print Date: 21.03.2023

ELINCS	European list of notified chemical substances
ELV	Exposure Limit Value
EN	European Standard
EU	European Union
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code)
ICx	Inhibition concentration to x %
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LCx	Lethal concentration to x %
LDx	Lethal dose to x %
LOEC/LOEL	Lowest observed effect concentration/level
MARPOL	MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships
N.O.S.	Not otherwise specified
NOEC/NOEL	No observed effect concentration/level
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SI	Statutory Instrument
TWA	Time weighted average
UN	United Nations
WHO	World health organisation

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.

It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with.

The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the information given.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate.

No liability will be accepted for any injury, loss or damage resulting from any failure to take account of information or advice contained in this safety data sheet.

Reason for Revision: Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878. Checked and revised for editorial purposes due to adjustments according to the current Annex II of the REACH regulation.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.