



## **FIREFLY**

Version 3 / IRL  
102000011941

1/13

Revision Date: 11.12.2024  
Print Date: 16.01.2025

### **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**

#### **1.1 Product identifier**

**Trade name** FIREFLY  
**UFI** A5C0-Y0GN-F00C-T8TS (voluntary notification)  
**Product code (UVP)** 06455646

#### **1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

**Use** Fungicide

#### **1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

**Supplier** Bayer CropScience Ltd  
Bayer Ltd  
1st Floor, The Grange Offices  
The Grange, Brewery Road  
Stillorgan  
A94 H2K7 Co. Dublin  
Ireland

**Telephone** +353 1 216 3300

**Responsible Department** Email: gb-bcs-crop-regulatory-affairs@bayer.com

#### **1.4 Emergency telephone no.**

**Emergency telephone no.** +44 330 678 3382 (24 hr) (charged as a standard international call to the UK)

For Medical Professionals and Members of the Public:  
You can also contact the relevant NPIS.

National Poisons Information Centre Dublin: 01 809 2166

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### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### **2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

**Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.**

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3  
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1  
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1



## **FIREFLY**

Version 3 / IRL  
102000011941

2/13

Revision Date: 11.12.2024  
Print Date: 16.01.2025

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **2.2 Label elements**

**Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.**

Hazard label for supply/use required.

**Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:**

- Fluoxastrobin
- Prothioconazole
- gamma-Butyrolactone



**Signal word:** Warning

### **Hazard statements**

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.  
EUH208 Contains 2-[2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-2-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione. May produce an allergic reaction.

### **Precautionary statements**

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P391 Collect spillage.  
P410 Protect from sunlight.  
P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous waste disposal contractor or collection site, except for triple rinsed empty containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

### **2.3 Other hazards**

No additional hazards known beside those mentioned.

Fluoxastrobin: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT).

This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Prothioconazole: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT).

This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.



## FIREFLY

Version 3 / IRL  
102000011941

3/13

Revision Date: 11.12.2024  
Print Date: 16.01.2025

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.2 Mixtures

##### Chemical nature

Emulsifiable concentrate (EC)  
Fluoxastrobin/Prothioconazole 50:100 g/l

##### Hazardous components

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Name	CAS-No. / EC-No. / REACH Reg. No.	Classification	Conc. [%]
		REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	
Fluoxastrobin	361377-29-9	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	4.4
Prothioconazole	178928-70-6	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	8.8
2-Ethylhexanol propylene ethyleneglycol ether	64366-70-7	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	> 1 – < 25
Alkylaryl polyglycol ether	104376-75-2	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	> 1 – < 25
Citric acid	77-92-9 201-069-1 01-2119457026-42-XXXX	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	> 1 – < 5
gamma-Butyrolactone	96-48-0 202-509-5 01-2119471839-21-XXXX	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H336	> 25

##### Further information

Fluoxastrobin	361377-29-9	M-Factor: 1 (acute), 1 (chronic)
Prothioconazole	178928-70-6	M-Factor: 10 (acute), 1 (chronic)

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

##### Particle characteristics

This substance/ mixture does not contain nanoforms

### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

##### General advice

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.  
Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable position (lying sideways).

##### Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

##### Skin contact

Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.



## **FIREFLY**

Version 3 / IRL  
102000011941

4/13

Revision Date: 11.12.2024  
Print Date: 16.01.2025

**Eye contact** Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**Ingestion** Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth.

### **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

**Symptoms** No symptoms known or expected.

### **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Treatment** Treat symptomatically. In case of ingestion gastric lavage should be considered in cases of significant ingestions only within the first 2 hours. However, the application of activated charcoal and sodium sulphate is always advisable. There is no specific antidote.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### **5.1 Extinguishing media**

**Suitable** Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

**Unsuitable** High volume water jet

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture** In the event of fire the following may be released: Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Carbon monoxide (CO), Hydrogen chloride (HCl), Nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), Hydrogen fluoride

### **5.3 Advice for firefighters**

**Special protective equipment for firefighters** In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

**Further information** Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**Precautions** Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use personal protective equipment.

**6.2 Environmental precautions** Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water.

### **6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

**Methods for cleaning up** Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.



## FIREFLY

Version 3 / IRL  
102000011941

5/13

Revision Date: 11.12.2024  
Print Date: 16.01.2025

**6.4 Reference to other sections** Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.  
Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.  
Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Advice on safe handling** No specific precautions required when handling unopened packs/containers; follow relevant manual handling advice. Ensure adequate ventilation.

**Advice on protection against fire and explosion** Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

**Hygiene measures** Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes separately. Wash hands immediately after work, if necessary take a shower. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be destroyed (burnt). Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Requirements for storage areas and containers** Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from direct sunlight.

**Advice on common storage** Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

**Suitable materials** Coextruded containers with an internal barrier layer made of ethylene vinyl alcohol copolymer (EVOH)  
HDPE (high density polyethylene)

**7.3 Specific end use(s)** Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Fluoxastrobin	361377-29-9	0.42 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (TWA)		OES BCS*
Prothioconazole	178928-70-6	1.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (SK-ABS)		OES BCS*

\*OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Personal protective equipment

Formulated product

#### Respiratory protection

Wear respirator with an organic vapours and gas filter mask (protection factor 10) conforming to EN140 type A or equivalent. Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have



## **FIREFLY**

Version 3 / IRL  
102000011941

6/13

Revision Date: 11.12.2024  
Print Date: 16.01.2025

been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

### **Hand protection**

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet.

Material	Nitrile rubber
Rate of permeability	> 480 min
Glove thickness	> 0.4 mm
Directive	Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

### **Eye protection**

Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

### **Skin and body protection**

Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 6 suit.

If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective type suit.

Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and should be professionally laundered frequently.

If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

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## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### **9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

<b>Form</b>	Liquid, clear to slightly turbid
<b>Colour</b>	tan
<b>Odour</b>	aromatic
<b>Odour Threshold</b>	No data available
<b>Melting point/ range</b>	No data available
<b>Boiling Point</b>	No data available
<b>Flammability</b>	No data available
<b>Upper explosion limit</b>	No data available
<b>Lower explosion limit</b>	No data available
<b>Flash point</b>	96 °C
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	405 °C



## FIREFLY

Version 3 / IRL  
102000011941

7/13

Revision Date: 11.12.2024  
Print Date: 16.01.2025

<b>Self-accelarating decomposition temperature (SADT)</b>	No data available
<b>pH</b>	4.0 - 5.0 (1 %) (23 °C) (deionized water)
<b>Viscosity, dynamic</b>	58.5 mPa.s (20 °C) Velocity gradient 100 /s
<b>Viscosity, kinematic</b>	517 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (20 °C)
<b>Water solubility</b>	emulsifiable
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	Fluoxastrobin: log Pow: 2.86 (20 °C)  Prothioconazole: log Pow: 3.82 (20 °C) (pH 7)
<b>Surface tension</b>	32.13 mN/m Determined in the undiluted form.
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	No data available
<b>Density</b>	ca. 1.13 g/cm <sup>3</sup> (20 °C)
<b>Relative density</b>	No data available
<b>Relative vapour density</b>	No data available
<b>Assessment nano particles</b>	This substance/ mixture does not contain nanoforms
<b>Particle size</b>	No data available
<b>9.2 Other information</b>	
<b>Explosivity</b>	Not explosive 92/69/EEC, A.14 / OECD 113
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	No oxidizing properties
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	No data available
<b>Other physico-chemical properties</b>	Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<b>10.1 Reactivity</b>	Stable under normal conditions.
<b>10.2 Chemical stability</b>	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
<b>10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to prescribed instructions.



## **FIREFLY**

Version 3 / IRL  
102000011941

8/13

Revision Date: 11.12.2024  
Print Date: 16.01.2025

- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** Store only in the original container.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

<b>Acute oral toxicity</b>	LD50 (Rat) > 2,500 mg/kg Test conducted with a similar formulation.
<b>Acute inhalation toxicity</b>	LC50 (Rat) > 5.077 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h highest concentration tested Test conducted with a similar formulation.
<b>Acute dermal toxicity</b>	LD50 (Rat) > 4,000 mg/kg Test conducted with a similar formulation.
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	No skin irritation (Rabbit) Test conducted with a similar formulation.
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	No eye irritation (Rabbit) Test conducted with a similar formulation.
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitisation</b>	Skin: Non-sensitizing. (Guinea pig) OECD Test Guideline 406, Magnusson & Kligman test Test conducted with a similar formulation.

#### **Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure**

Fluoxastrobin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.  
Prothioconazole: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure**

Fluoxastrobin did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.  
Prothioconazole did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

#### **Assessment mutagenicity**

Fluoxastrobin was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.  
Prothioconazole was not mutagenic or genotoxic based on the overall weight of evidence in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

#### **Assessment carcinogenicity**

Fluoxastrobin was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.  
Prothioconazole was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

#### **Assessment toxicity to reproduction**

Fluoxastrobin caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Fluoxastrobin is related to parental toxicity.  
Prothioconazole caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also





## **FIREFLY**

Version 3 / IRL  
102000011941

9/13

Revision Date: 11.12.2024  
Print Date: 16.01.2025

toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Prothioconazole is related to parental toxicity.

### **Assessment developmental toxicity**

Fluoxastrobin did not cause developmental toxicity in rats. Fluoxastrobin caused developmental toxicity in rabbits only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Fluoxastrobin are related to maternal toxicity.

Prothioconazole caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Prothioconazole are related to maternal toxicity.

### **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Further information**

No further toxicological information is available.

### **11.2 Information on other hazards**

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

##### **Assessment**

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **12.1 Toxicity**

#### **Toxicity to fish**

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 2.78 mg/l  
semi-static test; Exposure time: 96 h

#### **Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 4.39 mg/l static test; Exposure time: 48 h

#### **Toxicity to aquatic plants**

ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum) 0.03278 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient prothioconazole.

EC10 (Skeletonema costatum) 0.01427 mg/l  
Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h  
The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient prothioconazole.

EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 24.0 mg/l  
Growth rate; Exposure time: 96 h

NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 0.95 mg/l  
Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h

### **12.2 Persistence and degradability**

#### **Biodegradability**

Fluoxastrobin:  
Not rapidly biodegradable  
Prothioconazole:  
Not rapidly biodegradable



## **FIREFLY**

Version 3 / IRL  
102000011941

10/13

Revision Date: 11.12.2024  
Print Date: 16.01.2025

**Koc** Fluoxastrobin: Koc: 424 - 1582  
Prothioconazole: Koc: 1765

### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

**Bioaccumulation** Fluoxastrobin: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 52  
Does not bioaccumulate.  
Prothioconazole: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 19  
Does not bioaccumulate.

### **12.4 Mobility in soil**

**Mobility in soil** Fluoxastrobin: Slightly mobile in soils  
Prothioconazole: Slightly mobile in soils

### **12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

**PBT and vPvB assessment** Fluoxastrobin: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).  
Prothioconazole: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

### **12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties**

**Assessment** The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### **12.7 Other adverse effects**

**Additional ecological information** No other effects to be mentioned.

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## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### **13.1 Waste treatment methods**

**Product** In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant.

**Contaminated packaging** Not completely emptied packagings should be disposed of as hazardous waste.

**Waste key for the unused product** **02 01 08\*** agrochemical waste containing hazardous substances

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## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### **ADR/RID/ADN**

14.1 UN number

14.2 Proper shipping name

**3082**

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,  
N.O.S.  
(FLUOXASTROBIN, PROTHIOCONAZOLE SOLUTION)



## FIREFLY

Version 3 / IRL  
102000011941

11/13

Revision Date: 11.12.2024  
Print Date: 16.01.2025

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES
Hazard no.	90
Tunnel Code	-

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

### IMDG

14.1 UN number	<b>3082</b>
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (FLUOXASTROBIN, PROTHIOCONAZOLE SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Marine pollutant	YES

### IATA

14.1 UN number	<b>3082</b>
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (FLUOXASTROBIN, PROTHIOCONAZOLE SOLUTION )
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

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## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Republic of Ireland Regulations

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.

#### Supply and Use

European Communities (Prohibition of Certain Active Substances in Plant Protection Products) Regulations 1981 (SI No 320/1981)  
European Communities (Authorization, Placing on the Market, Use and Control of Plant Protection Products) Regulations 2003 (SI No 83/2003)  
European Communities (Classification, Packaging and Labelling of Plant Protection Products and Biocide Products) Regulations 2001 (SI No 624/2001)  
2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations, 2001 (SI No 619/2001)



## **FIREFLY**

Version 3 / IRL  
102000011941

12/13

Revision Date: 11.12.2024  
Print Date: 16.01.2025

### **Waste Treatment**

Landfill Directive  
Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94)

### **Further information**

WHO-classification: III (Slightly hazardous)

### **15.2 Chemical safety assessment**

A chemical safety assessment is not required.

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3**

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Abbreviations and acronyms**

ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute toxicity estimate
CAS-Nr.	Chemical Abstracts Service number
Conc.	Concentration
EC-No.	European community number
ECx	Effective concentration to x %
EINECS	European inventory of existing commercial substances
ELINCS	European list of notified chemical substances
ELV	Exposure Limit Value
EN	European Standard
EU	European Union
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code)
ICx	Inhibition concentration to x %
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LCx	Lethal concentration to x %
LDx	Lethal dose to x %
LOEC/LOEL	Lowest observed effect concentration/level
MARPOL	MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships
N.O.S.	Not otherwise specified
NOEC/NOEL	No observed effect concentration/level
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development



## **FIREFLY**

Version 3 / IRL  
102000011941

13/13

Revision Date: 11.12.2024  
Print Date: 16.01.2025

RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SI	Statutory Instrument
TWA	Time weighted average
UN	United Nations
WHO	World health organisation

The information contained within this Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with the guidelines established by Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 and Regulation (EU) 2020/878 amending Regulation (EU) No 1907/2006 and any subsequent amendments. This data sheet complements the user's instructions, but does not replace them. The information it contains is based on the knowledge available about the product concerned at the time it was compiled. Users are further reminded of the possible risks of using a product for purposes other than those for which it was intended. The required information complies with current EEC legislation. Addressees are requested to observe any additional national requirements.

**Reason for Revision:** Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878. Checked and revised for editorial purposes due to adjustments according to the current Annex II of the REACH regulation.

The following sections have been revised: Section 2: Hazards Identification.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.